AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.116 Attorney Docket No.: Q94662

Application No.: 10/577,220

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended): A lead-acid battery which comprises a positive electrode, a

negative electrode, a separator and an electrolyte, wherein:

said separator contains a surfactant;

said electrolyte contains volatile organic acid, and

a content of said volatile organic acid is equal to 250 mg or lower per liter of said

electrolyte.

(original): The lead-acid battery according to claim 1, wherein the content of said

volatile organic acid is equal to 12 mg or higher per liter of said electrolyte.

3. (previously presented): The lead-acid battery according to claim 1 or 2, wherein

said volatile organic acid is selected from a group consisting of HCOOH, CH3COOH,

C₂H₅COOH, n-C₃H₇COOH, iso-C₃H₇COOH, and mixtures thereof.

(canceled).

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5. (previously presented): The lead-acid battery according to claim 1 or 2, wherein

said separator is composed of polyethylene.

(withdrawn) A method of manufacturing a lead-acid battery which comprises a

positive electrode, a negative electrode, a separator and an electrolyte, wherein:

said separator contains a surfactant, and

said method comprises a first step in which said lead-acid battery is container-formed; a

second step in which said lead-acid battery is left at 40°C or higher for 12 hours or longer; and a

third step in which said lead-acid battery is charge so as to make a charged electrical quantity

equal to a rated capacity or larger.

(withdrawn) A method of manufacturing a lead-acid battery which comprises a

positive electrode, a negative electrode, a separator, and an electrolyte, wherein:

said separator contains a surfactant, and

said method comprises a step of leaving said lead-acid battery at 40°C or higher for 12

hours or longer, followed by charging said lead-acid battery with 30% or higher of a theoretical

capacity of a positive active material provided in said positive electrode.

8. (withdrawn) The method of manufacturing the lead-acid battery according to

claim 6 or 7, wherein said separator is composed of polyethylene.

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